

$$\dot{X} = AX + F \quad (1)$$

$$\dot{X}_0 = AX_0 \quad (2)$$

$$\dot{X}_1 = AX_1 + F \quad (3)$$

$$X = X_0 + X_1 \quad (4)$$

1 Полиномы и экспоненты

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} P_m^1(t) \\ \vdots \\ P_m^n(t) \end{pmatrix} e^{\gamma t} \implies X_1 = \begin{pmatrix} Q_{m+s}^1(t) \\ \vdots \\ Q_{m+s}^n(t) \end{pmatrix} e^{\gamma t} \quad (5)$$

828)

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = 3x + 2y + 4e^{5t} \\ \dot{y} = x + 2y \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad F = \begin{pmatrix} 4e^{5t} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{5t} \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3-\lambda & 2 \\ 1 & 2-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda-3)(\lambda-2) - 2 = \lambda^2 - 5\lambda + 4 = \lambda(\lambda-4) - (\lambda-4) = (\lambda-1)(\lambda-4) = 0 \quad (8)$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1 \quad \lambda_2 = 4 \quad (9)$$

1)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = 0 \implies a + b = 0 \implies b = -a \quad (10)$$

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ -a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} a \quad (11)$$

2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = 0 \implies a = 2b \quad (12)$$

$$v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2b \\ b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} b \quad (13)$$

$$X_0 = C_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + C_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t} \quad (14)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_0 = C_1 e^t + 2C_2 e^{4t} \\ y_0 = -C_1 e^t + C_2 e^{4t} \end{cases} \quad (15)$$

X_1 :

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{5t} \quad (16)$$

$$m = 0, \quad \gamma = 5, \quad s = 0, \quad m + s = 0 \quad (17)$$

$$X_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} e^{5t} \quad (18)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = ae^{5t} \\ y_1 = be^{5t} \end{cases} \quad (19)$$

$$\begin{cases} 5ae^{5t} = 3ae^{5t} + 2be^{5t} + 4e^{5t} \\ 5be^{5t} = ae^{5t} + 2be^{5t} \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} 5a = 3a + 2b + 4 \\ 5b = a + 2b \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} a - b = 2 \\ -a + 3b = 0 \end{cases} \quad (20)$$

$$a = 3, \quad b = 1 \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 3e^{5t} \\ y_1 = e^{5t} \end{cases} \quad (22)$$

Ответ:

$$X = X_0 + X_1 \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{cases} x = C_1 e^t + 2C_2 e^{4t} + 3e^{5t} \\ y = -C_1 e^t + C_2 e^{4t} + e^{5t} \end{cases} \quad (24)$$

(829, 831, 826)

2 Полиномы, экспоненты, синусы и косинусы

$$F = \left[\begin{pmatrix} P_m^1(t) \\ \vdots \\ P_m^n(t) \end{pmatrix} \cos(\beta t) + \begin{pmatrix} Q_m^1(t) \\ \vdots \\ Q_m^n(t) \end{pmatrix} \sin(\beta t) \right] e^{\alpha t} \implies X_1 = \left[\begin{pmatrix} S_{m+s}^1(t) \\ \vdots \\ S_{m+s}^n(t) \end{pmatrix} \cos(\beta t) + \begin{pmatrix} T_{m+s}^1(t) \\ \vdots \\ T_{m+s}^n(t) \end{pmatrix} \sin(\beta t) \right] e^{\alpha t} \quad (25)$$

827)

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = y - 5 \cos t \\ \dot{y} = 2x + y \end{cases} \quad (26)$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad F = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \cos t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cos t \quad (27)$$

X_0 :

$$\begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & 1 \\ 2 & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = \lambda(\lambda-1) - 2 = \lambda^2 - \lambda - 2 = (\lambda-1)(\lambda+1) - (\lambda+1) = (\lambda+1)(\lambda-2) = 0 \quad (28)$$

$$\lambda_1 = -1 \quad \lambda_2 = 2 \quad (29)$$

1)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = 0 \implies a + b = 0 \implies b = -a \quad (30)$$

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ -a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} a \quad (31)$$

2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = 0 \implies 2a - b = 0 \implies b = 2a \quad (32)$$

$$v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ 2a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} a \quad (33)$$

$$X_0 = C_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + C_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} \quad (34)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_0 = C_1 e^{-t} + C_2 e^{2t} \\ y_0 = -C_1 e^{-t} + 2C_2 e^{2t} \end{cases} \quad (35)$$

X_1 :

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cos t \quad (36)$$

$$m = 0, \quad \beta = 1, \quad \alpha = 0 \quad (37)$$

$$\alpha + i\beta = i \implies s = 0 \quad (38)$$

$$m + s = 0 \quad (39)$$

$$X_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} \cos t + \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} \sin t \quad (40)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = a \cos t + c \sin t \\ y_1 = b \cos t + d \sin t \end{cases} \quad (41)$$

ПОДСТАВЛЯЕМ:

$$\begin{cases} -a \sin t + c \cos t = b \cos t + d \sin t - 5 \cos t \\ -b \sin t + d \cos t = 2a \cos t + 2c \sin t + b \cos t + d \sin t \end{cases} \quad (42)$$

$t = 0$:

$$\begin{cases} c = b - 5 \\ d = 2a + b \end{cases} \quad (43)$$

$t = \frac{\pi}{2}$:

$$\begin{cases} -a = d \\ -b = 2c + d \end{cases} \quad (44)$$

$$\begin{cases} c = b - 5 \\ d = 2a + b \\ -a = d \\ -b = 2c + d \end{cases} \quad (45)$$

$$a = -1, \quad b = 3, \quad c = -2, \quad d = 1 \quad (46)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -\cos t - 2 \sin t \\ y_1 = 3 \cos t + \sin t \end{cases} \quad (47)$$

ОТВЕТ:

$$\begin{cases} x = C_1 e^{-t} + C_2 e^{2t} - \cos t - 2 \sin t \\ y = -C_1 e^{-t} + 2C_2 e^{2t} + 3 \cos t + \sin t \end{cases} \quad (48)$$

(834)

3 Неопределённые коэффициенты

$$\dot{X} - AX = F \quad (49)$$

$$\dot{X}_0 - AX_0 = 0 \quad (50)$$

$$X_0 = \sum_{k=1}^n C_k X_{0k}, \quad \dot{X}_{0k} - AX_{0k} = 0 \quad (51)$$

ищем в виде

$$X = \sum_{k=1}^n \varphi_k(t) X_{0k} \quad (52)$$

$$\dot{X} = \sum_{k=1}^n \dot{\varphi}_k(t) X_{0k} + \sum_{k=1}^n \varphi_k(t) \dot{X}_{0k} \quad (53)$$

подставляем в систему

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \dot{\varphi}_k(t) X_{0k} + \sum_{k=1}^n \varphi_k(t) \dot{X}_{0k} - A \sum_{k=1}^n \varphi_k(t) X_{0k} = F \quad (54)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \dot{\varphi}_k(t) X_{0k} + \sum_{k=1}^n \varphi_k(t) (\dot{X}_{0k} - AX_{0k}) = F \quad (55)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \dot{\varphi}_k(t) X_{0k} = F \quad (56)$$

847)

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = 2y - x \\ \dot{y} = 4y - 3x + \frac{e^{3t}}{e^{2t}+1} \end{cases} \quad (57)$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{e^{3t}}{e^{2t}+1} \end{pmatrix} \quad (58)$$

X_0

$$\begin{vmatrix} -1-\lambda & 2 \\ -3 & 4-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda-4)(\lambda+1) + 6 = \lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 2 = (\lambda-2)(\lambda-1) = 0 \quad (59)$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1, \quad \lambda_2 = 2 \quad (60)$$

1)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 \\ -3 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = 0 \implies v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (61)$$

($a = 1$)

$$X_{01} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t \quad (62)$$

2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = 0 \implies -3a + 2b = 0 \implies v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (63)$$

(a = 2)

$$X_{02} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} \quad (64)$$

X

$$X = \varphi_1 X_{01} + \varphi_2 X_{02} \quad (65)$$

$$\dot{\varphi}_1 X_{01} + \dot{\varphi}_2 X_{02} = F \quad (66)$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{\varphi}_1 e^t + 2\dot{\varphi}_2 e^{2t} = 0 \\ \dot{\varphi}_1 e^t + 3\dot{\varphi}_2 e^{2t} = \frac{e^{3t}}{e^{2t}+1} \end{cases} \quad (67)$$

(2)-(1):

$$\dot{\varphi}_2 e^{2t} = \frac{e^{3t}}{e^{2t}+1} \implies \dot{\varphi}_2 = \frac{e^t}{e^{2t}+1} \quad (68)$$

$$\dot{\varphi}_1 = -2\dot{\varphi}_2 e^t = -2 \frac{e^{2t}}{e^{2t}+1} \quad (69)$$

$$\varphi_1 = -2 \int \frac{e^{2t} dt}{e^{2t}+1} = -\ln(e^{2t}+1) + C_1 \quad \varphi_2 = \int \frac{e^t dt}{e^{2t}+1} = \operatorname{arctg} e^t + C_2 \quad (70)$$

$$X = (-\ln(e^{2t}+1) + C_1) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + (\operatorname{arctg} e^t + C_2) \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} \quad (71)$$

$$\begin{cases} x = (-\ln(e^{2t}+1) + C_1) e^t + 2(\operatorname{arctg} e^t + C_2) e^{2t} \\ y = (-\ln(e^{2t}+1) + C_1) e^t + 3(\operatorname{arctg} e^t + C_2) e^{2t} \end{cases} \quad (72)$$

(849)